

DESCRIPTION

CONTENTS STORAGE SYSTEM, HOME SERVER APPARATUS, INFORMATION
SUPPLY APPARATUS, INTEGRATED CIRCUIT, AND PROGRAM

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Technical Field

The present invention relates to a technology for dividing
a content such as a TV broadcast program into a plurality of
sections.

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Background Art

What has become widely available in recent years is a home
server which automatically records such contents that suit users'
tastes, into the mass-capacity DVD or hard disk, based on keywords
that have been registered in advance.

In the case where such a home server is used to record
television broadcasts, the broadcasts are typically recorded
in units of broadcast programs and they are regarded as separate
contents. However, users may not necessarily desire to view the
whole of each recorded program, but often desire to view only
part of it.

For example, contents such as music programs or news
programs can be divided into sections that are each meaningful
and cohesive in substance, such as pieces of music or items of
news. Users often desire to view only sections of the programs
in which their favorite singers appear or interesting items of
news are reported. As understood from this, there are cases where

contents are each divided into a plurality of sections (hereinafter referred to as "meaningful sections") that are each cohesive in substance and users would like to select meaningful sections to view.

5 There are known techniques that analyze images and audio information of a content such as a broadcast program and divides the content into a plurality of sections based on a predetermined algorithm so that the users can view the content in units of divided sections.

10 In such known techniques, dividing each content into a plurality of sections so as to be close to or resemble the actual meaningful sections with high accuracy requires highly accurate complex analyses of images and audio information. Such analysis requires high processing ability and cost of the apparatus that
15 performs the analysis. For this reason, this function is not suited for commercial home servers.

For the above-stated reason, there are systems in which a service center is provided with an information supply apparatus having high processing ability. The information supply
20 apparatus divides each content into a plurality of sections, and supplies home servers, which are used by users at home and cannot divide the contents into sections, with section information which shows how each content is divided into sections. With such a construction, the users of the home servers can use
25 the contents in units of sections that constitute the contents.

Meanwhile, the contents distributed to each home are increasing in amount and number due to widespread broadcasting

services in variety such as ground-wave television broadcasting, satellite broadcasting, cable TV broadcasting, and video streaming distribution. It is therefore unrealistic for the information supply apparatus provided in the service center to analyze all the contents distributed by the variety of broadcasting services to divide them into sections, and supply the section information to home servers. Accordingly, not all pieces of section information for the contents are supplied to the home servers. As a result, in terms of the contents for which the section information is not supplied from the information supply apparatus, home server users cannot view the contents in units of sections.

Disclosure of the Invention

It is a first object of the present invention to provide a contents storage system in which even in terms of the contents for which the section information is not supplied, home server apparatuses can use contents in units of sections that constitute the contents, with restricted price of the home server apparatuses.

It is a second object of the present invention to provide a home server apparatus and an information supply apparatus that are effectively used in the above-mentioned contents storage system.

It is a third object of the present invention to provide an integrated circuit for controlling the processing of the above-mentioned home server apparatus.

It is a fourth object of the present invention to provide a home server program for causing a computer to function as the

above-mentioned home server apparatus.

The first object can be achieved by a contents storage system including: a home server apparatus for recording therein contents; and an information supply apparatus for supplying the
5 home server apparatus with section information that shows how the contents are each divided into sections, the information supply apparatus comprising: a storage unit operable to store therein a plurality of pieces of section information corresponding to a plurality of contents; and a supply unit
10 operable to read first section information, which corresponds to a content recorded in the home server apparatus, from the storage unit and supply the home server apparatus with the first section information, the home server apparatus comprising: a contents recording unit operable to acquire and record the
15 content; a receiving unit operable to receive the first section information from the information supply apparatus; a generating unit operable to generate second section information corresponding to the recorded content; and a section information recording unit operable to record therein either the first section
20 information or the second section information, as being in correspondence with the recorded content.

With the above-stated construction, the home server apparatus can use contents in units of sections using either the first section information received from the information supply
25 apparatus or the second section information generated by the home server apparatus itself.

This makes it possible for the home server apparatus to use

each content in units of sections even if the information supply apparatus does not supply section information for some contents. Compared with the case where a home server apparatus used at home is loaded with high processing ability, the home server apparatus in the contents storage system of the present invention can receive section information from the information supply apparatus having high processing ability. Therefore, the price of the home server apparatuses can be restricted. Also, the home server apparatus in the contents storage system of the present invention is characterized by being able to generate low-accuracy section information in correspondence with the contents for which high-accuracy section information is not supplied from the information supply apparatus. The contents storage system of the present invention can be applied to a use form in which an enterprise sets up the information supply apparatus and the home server apparatuses are sold for use at home. In such a use form, low-priced home server apparatuses will increase the users' willingness to buy.

Meanwhile, there are many types of commercial home server apparatuses with various levels of performance and price, including, off course, high-end models with high performance and price. The home server apparatuses as high-end models have high processing ability. However, the technology of image analysis used in the home server apparatuses to divide the contents into sections is fast-evolving. As a result, some users may refrain from buying a high-end home server apparatus in fear that an apparatus having higher performance than that may be put on sale after the purchase.

The contents storage system of the present invention provides an effect that the users do not waver in buying a high-end home server apparatus since the users can receive highly accurate section information that was generated by the information supply apparatus
5 with the most advanced technology.

The second object can be achieved by a home server apparatus for receiving section information, which shows how contents are each divided into sections, from an information supply apparatus, the home server apparatus comprising: a contents recording unit
10 operable to acquire and record a content; a receiving unit operable to receive first section information, which corresponds to the recorded content, from the information supply apparatus; a generating unit operable to generate second section information corresponding to the recorded content; and a section information
15 recording unit operable to record therein either the first section information or the second section information, as being in correspondence with the recorded content.

With the above-stated construction, the home server apparatus can use contents in units of sections using either the
20 first section information received from the information supply apparatus or the second section information that the home server apparatus generated by itself.

This makes it possible for the home server apparatus to use each content in units of sections even if the information supply
25 apparatus does not supply section information for some contents since it can use the second section information that the home server apparatus generated by itself.

In the above-stated home server apparatus, each content may be theoretically divided into meaningful sections that are each cohesive in substance, and sections indicated by the first section information are more close to meaningful sections of the recorded content than sections indicated by the second section information in length.

With the above-stated construction, the home server apparatus can receive the first section information, which has higher accuracy than the second section information that the home server apparatus generated by itself, from the information supply apparatus.

Accordingly, the home server apparatus can use the contents in units of sections that resembles the meaningful sections with high accuracy by using the highly accurate first section information.

In the above-stated home server apparatus, the first section information may be generated based on amounts of a plurality of types of characteristics detected through analysis of images and audio information contained in the recorded content, and the generating unit generates the second section information based on amounts of less types of characteristics than the types of characteristics on which generation of the first section information is based.

With the above-stated construction, the home server apparatus can receive the first section information, which is generated based on amounts of more types of characteristics than the types of characteristics on which generation of the second

section information is based, from the information supply apparatus.

Accordingly, the home server apparatus can use the contents in units of sections that resembles the meaningful sections with high accuracy by using the highly accurate first section information received from the information supply apparatus, even if the home server apparatus itself does not have high processing ability required to generated such highly accurate section information.

10 In the above-stated home server apparatus, the generating unit may generate the second section information based on amounts of audio detected through analysis of audio information contained in the recorded content.

With the above-stated construction, the home server apparatus can generate the second section information based on amounts of audio detected through analysis of audio information contained in the recorded content, and further receive, from the information supply apparatus, the first section information that is generated by analyzing images and audio information.

20 Accordingly, the home server apparatus can use the contents in units of sections that resembles the meaningful sections with high accuracy by using the highly accurate first section information that is generated by the information supply apparatus by analyzing images, even if the home server apparatus itself does not have high processing ability to analyze images.

In the above-stated home server apparatus, the receiving unit may include: a requesting sub-unit operable to request the

information supply apparatus to supply the first section information by sending identification information for identifying the recorded content to the information supply apparatus; and a receiving sub-unit unit operable to receive
5 the first section information from the information supply apparatus, wherein the generating unit generates the second section information only if the information supply apparatus does not supply the home server apparatus with the first section information in response to the requesting, and the section
10 information recording unit records therein the first section information as being in correspondence with the recorded content if the information supply apparatus supplies the home server apparatus with the first section information, and records therein the second section information as being in correspondence with
15 the recorded content if the information supply apparatus does not supply the home server apparatus with the first section information.

With the above-stated construction, the home server apparatus can use the contents in units of sections by using
20 the first section information received from the information supply apparatus, and for contents for which the home server apparatus cannot receive the first section information, the home server apparatus can generate the second section information for the contents by itself.

25 This makes it possible for the home server apparatus to use each content in units of sections even if the information supply apparatus does not supply section information for some contents.

In the above-stated home server apparatus, the requesting sub-unit may further send criterion information, which is used for judging whether the first section information can be supplied, together with the identification information to the information supply apparatus, and the section information recording unit records therein the first section information as being in correspondence with the recorded content only if the information supply apparatus judges based on the criterion information that the first section information can be supplied and the receiving sub-unit receives the first section information from the information supply apparatus.

With the above-stated construction, the home server apparatus can send the criterion information to the information supply apparatus, and can receive the first section information only if the information supply apparatus judges based on the criterion information that the first section information can be supplied.

In the above-stated home server apparatus, the criterion information sent by the requesting sub-unit may indicate a level of performance of the generating unit in generating the section information.

There are many types of commercial home server apparatuses with various levels of performance and price. Of these, some high-end home server apparatuses may be able to generate the second section information that has the accuracy equal to or higher than the accuracy of the first section information supplied from the information supply apparatus. Such high-end home server

apparatuses will not be able to make use of the high processing ability if they use only the first section information received from the information supply apparatus. The home server apparatus of the present invention solves the problem by allowing the home
5 server apparatus to send, to the information supply apparatus, the criterion information indicating a level of performance of the home server apparatus in generating the section information.

This makes it possible for the home server apparatus to receive the first section information only when the first section
10 information to be received has higher accuracy than the second section information that the home server apparatus generates by itself, and to use the second section information without receiving the first section information when the home server apparatus can generate the second section information that has accuracy equal
15 to or higher than accuracy of the first section information. Accordingly, the home server apparatus can use the contents in units of sections that resembles the meaningful sections with high accuracy. Furthermore, in the case where the information supply apparatus provides the first section information on a chargeable
20 basis, the home server apparatus can restrict the expense of the service by using the highly accurate second section information that the home server apparatus generates by itself.

In the above-stated home server apparatus, each piece of section information may indicate each section of each content
25 by a start time of each section, and the generating unit generates the second section information by determining the start time of each section through analysis of the recorded content.

With the above-stated construction, the home server apparatus can use the contents in units of sections for which the start times are indicated.

In the above-stated home server apparatus, a time correcting
5 unit operable to correct the start time of each section indicated by the first section information by: receiving from the information supply apparatus (i) a portion of audio data of a content identified by the identification information and (ii) a reproduction time for the portion of audio data, the reproduction time having been
10 measured by a same clock that has measured start times indicated by the first section information; calculating a difference between (iii) a reproduction time for the portion of audio data of the recorded content and (iv) the reproduction time received from the information supply apparatus; and correcting the start times
15 indicated by the first section information by the calculated difference.

With the above-stated construction, the home server apparatus can correct the start times of the sections indicated by the first section information, based on the reproduction times
20 of the contents stored in the contents storage unit.

With such a correction, even if contents are stored into the contents storage unit at wrong times because the clock of the home server apparatus is wrong, the contents can be reproduced in units of sub-contents with correct timing since the difference
25 between the times provided by the clock and the clock that was used for generating the first section information is corrected.

The above-stated home server apparatus may further

comprise: a selecting unit operable to select one of sections indicated by a piece of section information that has been recorded in the section information recording unit in correspondence with the recorded content; and a reproducing unit operable to reproduce
5 the recorded content from a start time of the selected section.

With the above-stated construction, it is possible to reproduce a content from a desired start time of a section indicated by the section information.

This accordingly enables the home server apparatus user to
10 view only such sections that are interesting to him/her.

In the above-stated home server apparatus, the section information may indicate, for each section, a characteristic image display time being a time at which an image, which is used to determine what each section concerns, is displayed, the home
15 server apparatus further comprising: a presentation unit operable to display, as a list, images that are to be displayed at characteristic image display times indicated by the section information, wherein the selecting unit selects a section that corresponds to an image that a user selects from the displayed
20 list of images.

The above-stated construction enables the home server apparatus user to select a section of a content by referring to the images that show what the sections concern, and reproduce the content from the selected section.

25 With such a construction, the home server apparatus user can easily select a section that is interesting to him/her.

In the above-stated home server apparatus, the information

supply apparatus may store a plurality of pieces of section information for each content, the requesting sub-unit further sends selection criterion information, which is used by the information supply apparatus to select a piece of section information, to the information supply apparatus, and the receiving sub-unit receives a piece of section information that was selected based on the selection criterion information, from the information supply apparatus.

With the above-stated construction, the user of the home server apparatus can receive a desired piece of section information as the first section information when the information supply apparatus stores a plurality of pieces of section information for each content.

In the above-stated home server apparatus, the information supply apparatus may store a plurality of pieces of section information for each content, the plurality of pieces of section information respectively corresponding to a plurality of broadcasting areas, and the selection criterion information indicates a broadcasting area to which the home server apparatus belongs.

With the above-stated construction, if different contents are respectively provided in a plurality of broadcasting areas, the home server apparatus can receive a piece of first section information that suits for the broadcasting area to which the home server apparatus belongs.

In the above-stated home server apparatus, the requesting by the requesting sub-unit may be inhibited while the contents

recording unit is recording a content, and may be executed after the contents recording unit records a content, the generating unit generates third section information while the contents recording unit records a content, the third section information corresponds to sections of the currently recorded content that have already been recorded by the contents recording unit, and the section information recording unit records therein the third section information as being in correspondence with the currently recorded content if the contents recording unit is in the middle of recording the content, and records therein the first section information as being in correspondence with the content if the first section information is supplied after the content is recorded.

With the above-stated construction, the home server apparatus can generate the third section information while the home server apparatus records a content, and receive the first section information from the information supply apparatus after the recording is completed.

Accordingly, when the user of the home server apparatus views a content with what is called "chase viewing" in which the user views the content while recording it, the home server apparatus can use the third section information. This prevents the traffic of the communication line from increasing, which would happen if the home server apparatus were to receive the first section information from the information supply apparatus, portion by portion as the recording of the content proceeds. Also, the home server apparatus can receive the highly accurate

first section information from the information supply apparatus when the user views the content after the content has been recorded.

The above-stated home server apparatus may further comprise: a communication judging unit operable to judge whether
5 a communication with the information supply apparatus is possible, wherein if the communication judging unit judges that a communication with the information supply apparatus is not possible, the requesting by the requesting sub-unit is inhibited, the generating unit generates the second section information,
10 and the section information recording unit records therein the second section information as being in correspondence with the recorded content.

With the above-stated construction, the home server apparatus can generate the second section information even if there
15 is a defect in the communication line or even if the home server apparatus is used without being connected to the communication line. This enables the home server apparatus user to use the contents in units of sections.

The above-stated home server apparatus may further
20 comprise: a request receiving unit operable to receive from another home server apparatus (i) identification information for identifying a predetermined content stored said another home server apparatus, and (ii) criterion information to be used for judging whether a piece of section information for the
25 predetermined content can be supplied; a judging unit operable to judge based on the criterion information whether to supply said another home server apparatus with the piece of section

information for the predetermined content; and a supply unit operable to supply said another home server apparatus with the piece of section information for the predetermined content if the judging unit judges positively and the piece of section information for the predetermined content is stored in the section information recording unit, wherein if the judging unit judges positively and the piece of section information for the predetermined content is not stored in the section information recording unit, the generating unit generates the piece of section information for the predetermined content, and the supply unit supplies said another home server apparatus with the piece of section information for the predetermined content.

With the above-stated construction, when a plurality of home server apparatuses are interconnected, a home server apparatus can supply the section information to other home server apparatuses based on the criterion information.

In the above-stated home server apparatus, the criterion information may indicate a level of performance of said another home server apparatus, and the judging unit judges negatively if the level of performance of said another home server apparatus indicated by the criterion information is equal to or higher than a level of performance of the home server apparatus, and judges positively if the level of performance of said another home server apparatus is lower than the level of performance of the home server apparatus.

With the above-stated construction, when a plurality of home server apparatuses are interconnected, a home server

apparatus can receive the criterion information that indicates a level of performance of another home server apparatus, and supply the section information to the other home server apparatus only if the other home server apparatus can generate section
5 information with lower accuracy than the accuracy of the section information generated by the home server apparatus.

With such a construction, in a system in which a plurality of home server apparatuses are interconnected, the section information generated by a home server apparatus that can generate
10 section information with highest accuracy can be used by the other home server apparatuses.

The second object can be achieved by an information supply apparatus for supplying a home server apparatus with section information that shows how contents are each divided into sections,
15 the information supply apparatus comprising: a storage unit operable to store therein a plurality of pieces of section information corresponding to a plurality of contents; a receiving unit operable to receive, from the home server apparatus, identification information for identifying a predetermined
20 content stored in the home server apparatus; and a supply unit operable to, if a piece of section information corresponding to the predetermined content identified by the received identification information is stored in the storage unit, read the piece of section information from the storage unit and supply
25, the home server apparatus with the read piece of section information.

With the above-stated construction, the information supply

apparatus can supply the section information in response to a request from a home server apparatus.

This enables the home server apparatuses, which do not have high processing ability, to use the highly accurate section
5 information supplied from the information supply apparatus.

The above-stated information supply apparatus may further comprise: a judging unit operable to judge whether to supply the home server apparatus with the piece of section information corresponding to the predetermined content, based on criterion
10 information which is used for the judgment, wherein the receiving unit further receives the criterion information from the home server apparatus, and the supply unit supplies the home server apparatus with the piece of section information corresponding to the predetermined content if the judging unit judges
15 positively.

With the above-stated construction, the information supply apparatus, which receives the criterion information from the home server apparatus, supplies the section information to the home server apparatus only if the information supply apparatus judges
20 based on the criterion information that the section information can be supplied.

With such restricted supply of the section information in which the section information is supplied only when certain conditions are met, the traffic of the communication line is
25 prevented from increasing.

In the above-stated information supply apparatus, the criterion information may indicate a level of performance of

the home server apparatus, and the judging unit judges negatively if the level of performance indicated by the criterion information is equal to or higher than a level of performance stored in the storage unit, and judges positively if the level of performance
5 indicated by the criterion information is lower than the level of performance stored in the storage unit.

With the above-stated construction, the information supply apparatus can refrain from supplying the section information to home server apparatuses that have ability to generate highly
10 accurate section information, supplying the section information only to home server apparatuses that do not have such ability.

With such restricted supply of the section information, the traffic of the communication line is prevented from increasing.

In the above-stated information supply apparatus, the
15 content may be distributed by television broadcasting, the identification information indicates (i) a channel that is a distribution source of the content and (ii) a broadcast time of the content, the supply unit reads, from the storage unit, a piece of section information that corresponds to a content
20 identified by the channel and the broadcast time indicated by the identification information, and supplies the home server apparatus with the read piece of section information.

With the above-stated construction, the information supply apparatus can supply the home server apparatus with the section
25 information for the contents which are distributed in accordance with a predetermined schedule.

The third object can be achieved by an integrated circuit

for a home server apparatus that receives section information, which shows how contents are each divided into sections, from an information supply apparatus, the home server apparatus including a storage unit, the integrated circuit comprising:
5 a recording unit operable to record a content into the storage unit; a receiving unit operable to receive first section information, which corresponds to the recorded content, from the information supply apparatus; a generating unit operable to generate second section information corresponding to the
10 recorded content; and a section information recording unit operable to record either the first section information or the second section information in the storage unit, as being in correspondence with the recorded content.

With the above-stated construction, the home server
15 apparatus having the integrated circuit can use contents in units of sections using either the first section information received from the information supply apparatus or the second section information generated by the home server apparatus itself.

This makes it possible for the home server apparatus to use
20 each content in units of sections even if the information supply apparatus does not supply section information for some contents.

The fourth object can be achieved by a program for causing a computer to execute a process of recording contents and section information that shows how the contents are each divided into
25 sections, into a storage apparatus, the program comprising: a recording step for recording a content into the storage apparatus; a receiving step for receiving first section information, which

corresponds to the recorded content, from an information supply apparatus for supplying the section information; a generating step for generating second section information corresponding to the recorded content; and

- 5 a section information recording step for recording either the first section information or the second section information into the storage apparatus, as being in correspondence with the recorded content.

With the above-stated construction, the computer under
10 control of the home server program can use contents in units of sections using either the first section information received from the information supply apparatus or the second section information generated by the computer itself.

This makes it possible for the home server apparatus
15 (computer) to use each content in units of sections even if the information supply apparatus does not supply section information for some contents.

Brief Description Of The Drawings

20 Fig. 1 shows how a contents storage system 1 of the present invention is used.

Fig. 2 shows the construction of the information supply apparatus 30 and the home server 41.

Figs. 3A and 3B show examples of the data structure of the
25 request information generated by the requesting unit 105.

Fig. 4 shows the data structure of the section information.

Fig. 5 shows an example of a GUI screen for editing the section

information.

Fig. 6 shows an example of a GUI screen for inputting the start time and the characteristic image display time for a sub-content.

5 Fig. 7 shows the data structure of the server performance table held by the judging unit 129.

Fig. 8 shows the data structure of the area table held by the judging unit 129.

10 Fig. 9 is a flowchart showing the procedure of the home server 41.

Fig. 10 is a flowchart showing the procedure of the information supply apparatus 30.

Fig. 11 shows a modification of the contents storage system of the present invention.

15 Fig. 12 shows an example of an LSI in which the recording unit 102, generating unit 109 and analyzing unit 110 are integrated in one chip.

Best Mode for Carrying Out the Invention

20 The following describes a preferred embodiment of the present invention with reference to the attached figures.

<Construction>

Fig. 1 shows how a contents storage system 1 of the present invention is used.

25 The contents storage system 1 includes an information supply apparatus 30, a home server 41, and a home server 42 which are interconnected via a communication network such as the Internet.

It should be noted here that although the contents storage system 1 of the present embodiment includes two home servers, the contents storage system of the present invention may include only one home server or three or more home servers.

5 Broadcasting stations 10 and 20 are local broadcasting stations for performing analog television broadcasts for respective geographical areas that are distant from each other. The broadcasting stations 10 and 20 are affiliated with the same broadcast network, and national and local broadcasting. In the
10 national broadcasting, the broadcasting stations 10 and 20 broadcast the same contents as scheduled in the time table, and in local broadcasting, they broadcast different contents.

 It should be noted here that although the contents storage system of the present invention can use contents provided from
15 a plurality of broadcasting stations, but in the present embodiment, it is presumed for the sake of convenience that each of the information supply apparatus 30, home server 41, and home server 42 receives broadcasts from one of the broadcasting stations 10 and 20.

20 The information supply apparatus 30 is a computer for business use that supplies section information via the communication network to home servers for home use. More specifically, the information supply apparatus 30 includes a processor, a ROM, a RAM, a hard disk drive, an antenna, a receiving
25 circuit or the like, and realizes a function of supplying the home servers 41 and 42 with the section information as the processor operates in accordance with a program stored in the ROM. The

information supply apparatus 30 is located in an area in which broadcast waves from the broadcasting station 10 are received.

In the present embodiment, the section information is information that shows sections into which a content is divided.

5 It should be noted here that although a content is divided into sections based on the analysis of images or audio information or by operator's operations, the generated sections may not match "meaningful sections" that are each cohesive in substance. For example, a typical news program includes such topics as economy,
10 weather report, and sports. Sections of the news program that provide such topics are regarded as meaningful sections.

Hereinafter, in the present embodiment, the sections into which a content is divided based on the analysis of images or audio information or by operator's operations are referred to as
15 sub-contents.

The home servers 41 and 42 are home servers for home use for storing broadcast contents. More specifically, each home server includes a processor, a ROM, a RAM, a hard disk drive, an antenna, a receiving circuit or the like, and realizes functions
20 of recording and reproducing contents or obtaining the section information from the information supply apparatus 30 as the processor operates in accordance with a program stored in the ROM. The home servers 41 and 42 respectively receives broadcasts from the broadcasting stations 10 and 20 due to the difference in
25 location.

Now, the home server 41 will be described in detail in terms of the construction and the functions that are realized as the

processor of the home server 41 operates in accordance with the program stored in the ROM.

Fig. 2 shows the construction of the information supply apparatus 30 and the home server 41.

5 The home server 41 includes such functional blocks as a receiving unit 101, a recording unit 102, a clock unit 103, a contents storage unit 104, a requesting unit 105, a performance information holding unit 106, a communication unit 107, a control unit 108, a generating unit 109, an analyzing unit 110, a section information
10 storage unit 111, a time correcting unit 112, a presentation unit 113, a selection unit 114, and a reproduction unit 115.

 The home server 41 has a function of selecting contents that suit users' tastes and recording the selected contents automatically, where the contents are selected based on the EPG
15 (Electronic Program Guide) and keywords that have been obtained from the broadcasting waves and registered in advance, respectively. Techniques of selecting contents that suit users' tastes are known, and the description of such techniques is omitted here.

 The receiving unit 101 includes an antenna, a receiving
20 circuit or the like, receives broadcast waves from the broadcasting station 10, obtains contents and EPG from the received broadcast waves, and outputs the obtained contents and EPG to the recording unit 102.

 The recording unit 102, when the current time indicated by
25 the clock unit 103 reaches a scheduled broadcast start time of a selected content, converts the content received from the receiving unit 101 into digital data, encodes the digital data,

which contains video and audio data, using an encoding technique such as MPEG2 (Moving Picture Experts Group phase 2), and records the encoded content into the contents storage unit 104. Also, the recording unit 102 records attribute information (broadcasting
5 time, channel, and the like) of the content into the contents storage unit 104, together with the content.

The clock unit 103 outputs time information, which is used for controlling the start and end of a recording, to the recording unit 102.

10 The contents storage unit 104, which is a recording medium such as a DVD or a hard disk, stores therein the encoded contents.

The requesting unit 105 generates request information for the contents recorded in the contents storage unit 104 by the recording unit 102, and sends the request information to the
15 information supply apparatus 30 via the communication unit 107. The request information is sent to the information supply apparatus by the home server when requesting supply of section information, and has the data structure, which will be described later, for indicating the performance of the home server and a recorded
20 content.

In regards with the timing with which the requesting unit 105 sends the request information to the information supply apparatus 30, the requesting unit 105 may send request information each time the recording unit 102 ends recording a content, or
25 regularly, or after receiving an instruction to do so from the user. Furthermore, in the case where the requesting unit 105 sends the request information each time the recording unit 102 ends

recording a content, the requesting unit 105 may send it after a predetermined wait time that depends on the content size, taking into consideration the time required by the information supply apparatus 30 for generating the section information.

5 Figs. 3A and 3B show examples of the data structure of the request information generated by the requesting unit 105.

The request information includes performance information, identification information, and broadcasting area information.

The performance information shows the performance of the
10 home server 41. In the present embodiment, the performance information shows the performance with which the home server 41 generates the section information, and the performance is identified by the product name and the model number of the home server 41. The product name and the model number are stored in
15 the performance information holding unit 106. It should be noted here that the accuracy of dividing a content into sub-contents improves if the accuracy of analyzing video and audio data improves or the algorithm for synthesizing the analysis results improves. As a result, the performance may be improved by updating the
20 algorithm after the product is placed on the market. In such a case, the information held by the performance information holding unit 106 is also updated. It should be noted here that in the present embodiment, the "accuracy of dividing a content into sub-contents" or the "accuracy of section information" indicates
25 an accuracy with which each sub-content shown by the section information resembles a meaningful section that was originally intended, more specifically an accuracy with which a position of

a boundary between sub-sections resembles a position of a boundary between meaningful sections.

The identification information is information for identifying a target content. The identification information may be an identifier of a content, as shown in Fig. 3A. Alternatively, the identification information may be indication of a channel for identifying the broadcasting station that broadcasts the target content, and broadcast start and end times of the target content. In the present embodiment, the data structure shown in Fig. 3B is used.

The broadcasting area information shows an area in which the home server 41 is located, and the broadcasting station that broadcasts programs to the home server 41 can be identified from the shown area. The area in which the home server 41 is located is registered with the home server 41 by the user operation in advance.

The communication unit 107 controls communications performed with other apparatuses via the communication network.

The control unit 108 controls the generating unit 109 and the time correcting unit 112 so that the section information is recorded into the section information storage unit 111. During a period between the start and end of a recording of a content by the recording unit 102, the control unit 108 instructs the generating unit 109 to generate pieces of partial section information that correspond to portions of the content that have already been recorded. With this construction, while a recording of a content proceeds, the user can view a recorded sub-content

of the content with an immediate access. Also, after a target content has been recorded, when the home server 41 receives the section information and a portion of audio data of the target content from the information supply apparatus 30 in response to the request
5 information sent from the requesting unit 105 to the information supply apparatus 30, the control unit 108 outputs the received information to the time correcting unit 112 with an instruction to correct the section information and store the corrected section information into the section information storage unit 111.

10 In the present embodiment, "lapse information" is attached to the portion of audio data that is supplied from the information supply apparatus 30 to the home server 41, where the lapse information indicates a lapse of time from the start of the content to the portion of audio data. If the information supply apparatus
15 30 does not supply the home server 41 with the section information in response to the request information, the control unit 108 instructs the generating unit 109 to generate section information and store the generated section information into the section information storage unit 111.

20 The generating unit 109 generates the section information under control of the control unit 108. More specifically, the generating unit 109 divides a target content into a plurality of sub-contents by a predetermined algorithm, using analysis results provided from the analyzing unit 110 and analysis results obtained
25 through the encoding process performed by the recording unit 102, generates section information that indicates a start time and a "characteristic image display time" of each sub-content, and stores

the generated section information into the section information storage unit 111, correlating it with the target content. It should be noted here that the "characteristic image display time" means the time at which an image, which contains predetermined types of information that can be used to determine what the sub-content concerns, is displayed. A type of information that is contained in the image to be used to determine what the sub-content concerns is, for example, a telop. If the section information storage unit 111 has stored a piece of section information when it receives a new piece of section information corresponding to the same target content, the generating unit 109 updates the old piece of section information with the new piece of section information.

Fig. 4 shows the data structure of the section information. Each piece of section information is composed of as many pieces of sub-content information as the number of sub-contents contained in a content that corresponds to the piece of section information. Each piece of sub-content information includes a start time and a "characteristic image display time" of a corresponding sub-content. Each of the start time and the characteristic image display time for a sub-content is represented by, for example, a length of time that elapses after the start of the content.

The analyzing unit 110 analyzes images and audio information and outputs the analysis results to the generating unit 109 for use in generation of the section information.

Meanwhile, there are various conventional technologies that can be used for dividing a content into a plurality of sub-contents. For example, a commercial message (hereinafter referred to as CM),

which typically lasts for 15 seconds and is sandwiched by silences which each last for more than a predetermined time period, may be detected; a telop may be detected from a screen image based on the number of edges of luminance in horizontal and vertical
5 directions; a change of scenes may be detected by detecting a change in color distribution between consecutive images in time series; or a piece of music may be detected by detecting a periodical change of audio.

When a content is divided into sub-contents by a mechanical
10 method of applying a predetermined algorithm to the analysis of images and audio information to detect a predetermined amount of any of the above-mentioned characteristics and determining start times of the sub-contents, the sub-contents may not necessarily match the meaningful sections. For example, when dividing a
15 content with portions which each last for a period with the audio level lower than a threshold value, the content is often divided into sub-contents that are higher in number than meaningful sections.

It is possible to increase the accuracy of section
20 information by increasing the amount and types of the characteristics detected through the analysis of images and audio information to be used for dividing the content, and generating the section information using the results of the analysis. However, the more the number of types of characteristics is, the larger
25 the load required for the analysis is. More specifically, it is possible to increase the accuracy by dividing a content with ends of CMs that are immediately followed by telops, instead of dividing

a content with ends of CMs, which can be realized by analyzing only the sound volume levels. However, detecting a telop requires a high processing performance since it requires analysis of the image luminance, thus increasing the price of the apparatus.

5 In the home server 41 of the present embodiment, the analyzing unit 110 analyzes only the sound volume levels for the sake of simplification, and the generating unit 109 divides a content into a plurality of sub-contents with ends of CMs, where the start and end of each CM can be detected by analyzing only the sound volume
10 levels. With this construction, the home server 41 cannot detect telops since the analyzing unit 110 does not analyze images. As a result, the generating unit 109 determines the characteristic image display time for each sub-content as a predetermined time period (for example, three seconds) after the start of the
15 sub-content.

 The section information storage unit 111 is a recording medium similar to the contents storage unit 104, and stores therein pieces of section information, which are output from the generating unit 109 and the time correcting unit 112, by correlating them
20 with contents.

 The time correcting unit 112, under control of the control unit 108, corrects the section information supplied from the information supply apparatus 30, and records the corrected section information into the section information storage unit 111.

25 The time correcting unit 112 performs a comparison between (a) the audio data that is supplied together with the section information and (b) the audio data that is stored in the contents

storage unit 104, for each corresponding content, detects a point in time at which sound volume level waveforms of the two pieces of audio data match, detects a difference between (i) the time indicated by the lapse information attached to the supplied portion of audio data and (ii) the time that lapses from the reproduction start of the target content to the detected point in time, corrects the start time and the characteristic image display time of the section information, and stores the corrected section information into the section information storage unit 111 by correlating it with a content. If the section information storage unit 111 has stored a piece of section information when it receives a new piece of section information corresponding to the same target content, the time correcting unit 112 updates the old piece of section information with the corrected piece of section information.

The correction of the section information in the above-stated manner will be explained in detail with an example case where a content is stored into the contents storage unit 104 five seconds late due to as much delay of the time provided from the clock unit 103 of the home server 41.

After recording a content, the home server 41 receives from the information supply apparatus 30 the section information and a portion of audio data at a position 30 seconds after the start of the content. In the present example, it is presumed that the time provided from the clock unit 123 of the information supply apparatus 30 is correct. In that case, the time correcting unit 112 detects a delay of 5 seconds because the waveform of the received portion of audio data (the portion that starts 30 seconds after

the start of the content) matches the waveform of a portion of the audio data at a position 25 seconds after the start of the content that is stored in the contents storage unit 104. The time correcting unit 112 then corrects the start time and the
5 characteristic image display time for each sub-content in the section information, by setting them forward by 5 seconds. For example, if the supplied section information indicates that the start time of the second sub-content is 3 minutes and 20 seconds after the start of the content, the time correcting unit 112 corrects
10 the start time to 3 minutes and 15 seconds after the start of the content.

With such a correction, even if contents are stored into the contents storage unit 104 at wrong times because the clock unit 103 is wrong, the contents can be reproduced in units of
15 sub-contents with correct timing since the difference between the times provided by the clock unit 103 and the clock that was used for generating the section information is corrected.

The presentation unit 113 displays a list of thumbnail images that are used to determine what the sub-contents concern. Upon
20 receiving a user's instruction to display the list, the presentation unit 113 reads the section information for a specified content from the section information storage unit 111, generates thumbnail images by reducing the images of the sub-contents to be reproduced at the characteristic image display times that are
25 indicated by the read section information, and displays a list of the generated thumbnail images on a monitor connected to the home server 41.

The selection unit 114 identifies a thumbnail image that the user selects from the list of thumbnail images displayed by the presentation unit 113, and notifies the reproduction unit 115 of the selected thumbnail image.

5 The reproduction unit 115 controls reproduction of contents. Upon receiving the notification of a selected thumbnail image from the selection unit 114, the reproduction unit 115 obtains, from the section information, the start time of the sub-content that corresponds to the selected thumbnail image, and reproduces the
10 content containing the sub-content from the obtained start time.

With the above-stated construction, the home server 41 records the broadcast contents, obtains the highly accurate section information corresponding to the recorded contents, from the information supply apparatus 30. The construction makes it
15 possible to reproduce the contents in units of sub-contents that resembles the meaningful sections with high accuracy. Also, if the home server 41 cannot be supplied with the section information from the information supply apparatus 30, the home server 41 can generate the section information with low accuracy by itself so
20 that it can reproduce the contents in units of sub-contents.

It should be noted here that the home server 42 has the same construction as the home server 41, and therefore description thereof is omitted.

Now, the functions of the information supply apparatus 30,
25 which are realized as the processor of the information supply apparatus 30 operates in accordance with the program stored in the ROM, will be described in detail.

The information supply apparatus 30 includes a receiving unit 121, a recording unit 122, a clock unit 123, a storage unit 124, a section information registering unit 125, a communication unit 128, a judging unit 129, and an extracting unit 130.

5 The receiving unit 121 includes an antenna, a receiving circuit or the like, receives broadcast waves from the broadcasting station 10, obtains contents from the received broadcast waves, and outputs the obtained contents to the recording unit 122.

10 The recording unit 122 has a time table showing the times at which contents are broadcast by the broadcasting station 10 with indication of national or local broadcasting for each content. When the time provided by the clock unit 123 reaches a scheduled broadcast start time of a national-broadcasting content, receives the content from the receiving unit 121, converts the received
15 content into digital data, encodes the digital data, which contains video and audio data, using an encoding technique such as MPEG2, and records the encoded content into the contents storage unit 124.

20 The clock unit 123 outputs time information in synchronization with a clock that controls the broadcasting schedule in the broadcasting station 10.

25 The storage unit 124, which is a recording medium such as a DVD or a hard disk, stores therein the encoded contents by correlating them with pieces of section information registered by the section information registering unit 125.

 The section information registering unit 125 includes two functional blocks, an analyzing unit 126 and an input unit 127.

The analyzing unit 126 analyzes images and audio information of contents stored in the storage unit 124 to detect CMs, telops, scenes, and pieces of music. The input unit 127 is achieved by an input device (for example, a keyboard) or the like, and receives
5 data input from outside the information supply apparatus 30.

The section information registering unit 125 generates section information by analyzing images and audio information of national-broadcasting contents recorded by the recording unit 122, and records the generated section information into the storage
10 unit 124 by corresponding them with contents. The section information registering unit 125 also receives pairs of a local-broadcasting content and a piece of section information from outside the information supply apparatus 30 via the input unit 127, and records the received pairs into the storage unit 124 by
15 correlating the local-broadcasting content with the piece of section information in each pair. The local-broadcasting contents received by the section information registering unit 125 may be, for example, such contents that are broadcast in local areas having lots of home server users.

20 The section information registering unit 125 may display GUI screens shown in Figs. 5 and 6 on a monitor connected to the information supply apparatus 30, receive instructions from the operator via the GUI screens, and correct the section information.

The correction of the section information via the GUI screens
25 will be explained. Fig. 5 shows an example of a GUI screen for editing the section information.

The GUI screen shown in Fig. 5 contains buttons 1 and 2 and

a sub-track and a content track represented on a time scale. The content track is represented by a box that extends in width in proportion to the reproduction time of the target content. The sub-track shows triangles that respectively indicate the start
5 times of the sub-contents indicated by the correction-target section information.

When the operator selects one of the triangles displayed on the GUI screen shown in Fig. 5 and depresses button 1, a GUI screen shown in Fig. 6 is displayed. Also, when the operator
10 depresses button 1 without selecting any triangle displayed on the GUI screen of Fig. 5, a new triangle is added to the GUI screen of Fig. 5 and a GUI screen shown in Fig. 6 is displayed.

Fig. 6 shows an example of a GUI screen for inputting the start time and the characteristic image display time for a
15 sub-content.

The GUI screen shown in Fig. 6 contains fields into which the operator inputs the sub-content start time and the characteristic image display time.

If the operator inputs the sub-content start time (for
20 example, time t_1) and the characteristic image display time in the respective fields, the start time and the characteristic image display time for the currently selected sub-content are corrected, and the position of the triangle displayed on the GUI screen of Fig. 5 is shifted accordingly.

25 When the operator depresses button 2 on the GUI screen shown in Fig. 5, the section information reflecting the correction made on the GUI screen is stored into the storage unit 124.

With the above-described operation, it is possible to correct the start time and the characteristic image display time for sub-contents that are indicated by the section information generated by the section information registering unit 125 using the analysis results of the analyzing unit 126. This makes it possible to provide highly accurate section information. This is because the operator can correct the sub-content start times even if the mechanically detected sub-contents do not match actual meaningful sections when the analyzing unit 126 analyzes an unusual content that is divided into sub-contents with a different pattern. Also, since the operator can set the characteristic image display time subjectively, it is possible to select, as the characteristic image display time, a time at which an image suitable for appropriately determining what the sub-content concerns is displayed.

Back to the explanation of the components shown in Fig. 2, the communication unit 128 controls communications performed between the information supply apparatus 30 and other apparatuses via the communication network.

The judging unit 129 holds a server performance table shown in Fig. 7 and an area table shown in Fig. 8, and judges whether to supply a requested piece of section information to a requester home server, based on the request information received from the home server 41 or 42 via the communication unit 128.

The server performance table shown in Fig. 7 shows whether to supply the section information to home servers, for each pair of the product name and the model number of the home servers. The

server performance table is set so that the section information is not supplied to the home servers that generate section information with an accuracy level equal to or higher than a predetermined level, and that the section information is supplied to the home servers that generate section information with an accuracy level lower than the predetermined level. It should be noted here that the accuracy level of the section information is determined based on (i) characteristics of the images and audio information that the home servers analyze, and (ii) the algorithms that the home servers use for synthesizing the analysis results.

The area table shown in Fig. 8 shows the areas of home servers to which the section information is supplied, for each content broadcasting time. The area table is set so that in terms of the national-broadcasting contents, the section information is supplied to nationwide home servers, and that in terms of the local-broadcasting contents, the section information is supplied only to the home servers of the areas corresponding to the section information that is registered by the section information registering unit 125. In contents storage system 1 of the present embodiment, a case where contents are received from a broadcasting station via a channel is described as an example. However, contents may be received from a plurality of broadcasting stations via a plurality of channels. In this case, the judging unit 129 holds a plurality of area tables in correspondence with the plurality of channels.

The judging unit 129 judges that a requested piece of section information should be sent to a requester home server if (i) the

server performance table indicates that the section information can be supplied to the requester home server identified by the product name and the model number, and (ii) the area table indicates that the broadcasting area specified by the request information belongs to the areas to which the content specified by the request information can be supplied. When having judged so, the judging unit 129 instructs the extracting unit 130 to extract the section information corresponding to the content specified by the request information. Otherwise, the judging unit 129 judges that the requested piece of section information should not be sent to the requester home server, and notifies the requester home server via the communication unit 128 that the section information is not supplied.

The extracting unit 130, upon receiving an instruction from the judging unit 129, acquires (i) the section information corresponding to the content specified by the request information and (ii) a portion of audio data of the content, and transmits the acquired section information and portion of audio data to the requester home server via the communication unit 128.

With the above-described construction, the information supply apparatus 30 stores pieces of section information corresponding to national-broadcasting contents and local-broadcasting contents broadcast in the areas that have a lot of home server users, and supplies home servers used in the target areas with the stored pieces of section information. It is also possible to restrict the traffic in the communication network by not supplying the section information to the home servers

that can generate highly accurate section information.

In the contents storage system 1 having the above-described construction, low-price home server 41 that cannot generate highly accurate section information can receive such highly accurate
5 section information from the information supply apparatus 30 via the communication network. Also, in the case where the home server 41 is used in such an area to which the section information for local-broadcasting contents is not supplied from the information supply apparatus 30, the home server 41 can generate section
10 information by itself, and the user of the home server 41 can use the local-broadcasting contents in units of sub-contents. Also, in the case where the communication network has a failure, or in the case where the home server 41 is used without being connected to the communication network, the home server 41 can generate
15 section information by itself, and the user of the home server 41 can use the local-broadcasting contents in units of sub-contents.

<Operation>

Now, the operation procedure of the home server 41 for storing
20 the section information will be described.

Fig. 9 shows the procedure of the home server 41.

The recording unit 102 selects a content that suits the users' tastes, based on key words that have been registered in advance, and records the selected content into the contents storage unit
25 104 (S1). After the recording of the content by the recording unit 102, the requesting unit 105 sends the request information, which contains information indicating the performance of the home

server 41 and information for identifying the recorded content, to the information supply apparatus 30 via the communication unit 107 (S2).

The control unit 108 receives a response to the request
5 information from the information supply apparatus 30 (S3), and judges whether the received response includes section information and a portion of audio data (S4).

If the received response includes section information and a portion of audio data (YES in S4), the received section information
10 and audio data are output to the time correcting unit 112. The time correcting unit 112 performs a comparison between (a) the audio data that is supplied together with the section information and (b) the audio data that is stored in the contents storage unit 104, for each corresponding content, detects a point in time at
15 which sound volume level waveforms of the two pieces of audio data match, detects a difference between (i) the time indicated by the lapse information attached to the supplied portion of audio data and (ii) the time that lapses from the reproduction start of the target content to the detected point in time, and corrects the
20 start time and the characteristic image display time of the section information (S5). If the received response does not include section information and a portion of audio data (NO in S4), the control unit 108 instructs the generating unit 109 to generate section information. Upon receiving the instruction, the
25 generating unit 109 divides a target content into a plurality of sub-contents by a predetermined algorithm, using analysis results provided from the analyzing unit 110 and analysis results obtained

through the encoding process performed by the recording unit 102, and generates section information that indicates the start and end times of each sub-content (S6).

The control unit 108 stores the section information corrected
5 by the time correcting unit 112 or the section information generated by the generating unit 109 into the section information storage unit 111 by correlating it to a content (S7), and ends registration of the section information.

With the above-described operation, the home server 41
10 receives highly accurate section information from the information supply apparatus 30 and uses contents in units of sub-contents that resemble the meaningful sections with high accuracy. If the home server 41 cannot receive such highly accurate section
15 information from the information supply apparatus 30, the home server 41 can generate section information by itself, and the user of the home server 41 can use every type of contents in units of sub-contents.

Now, the operation procedure of the information supply
apparatus 30 for supplying the home server 41 with section
20 information will be described.

Fig. 10 shows the procedure of the information supply
apparatus 30.

The judging unit 129 receives request information from the
home server 41 via the communication unit 128 (S11), and judges
25 whether to supply the home server 41 with section information corresponding to the content specified by the request information (S12).

If the server performance table indicates that the section information can be supplied to the requester home server identified by the product name and the model number (namely, the performance), and the area table indicates that the broadcasting area specified by the request information belongs to the areas to which the content specified by the request information can be supplied (YES in S12), the judging unit 129 instructs the extracting unit 130 to extract the section information corresponding to the content specified by the request information. Upon receiving the instruction, the extracting unit 130 extracts (i) the section information corresponding to the content specified by the request information, and (ii) a portion of audio data from the storage unit 124 (S13), transmits the extracted section information and audio data to the home server 41 via the communication unit 128 (S14), and ends the section information supply operation.

On the other hand, if the server performance table indicates that the section information cannot be supplied to the requester home server identified by the product name and the model number, or the area table indicates that the broadcasting area specified by the request information does not belong to the areas to which the content specified by the request information can be supplied (NO in S12), the judging unit 129 notifies the requester home server via the communication unit 128 that the section information is not supplied (S15), and ends the section information supply operation.

With the above-described operation, the information supply unit 30 can judge whether to supply section information to a

requester home server 41, based on the area in which the requester home server 41 is used. It is also possible to restrict the traffic in the communication network by not supplying the section information to the home servers that can generate highly accurate section information.

Now, an example of a modification of the present invention will be described.

Fig. 11 shows a modification of the contents storage system of the present invention.

The contents storage system shown in Fig. 11 is what is called a home network system in which recording/reproduction apparatuses 51, 52 and 53 are interconnected by communication lines conforming to, for example, the IEEE (Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers) 1394 standard, that are wired in a house.

The recording/reproduction apparatuses 51, 52 and 53 each have recording and reproduction functions such as the home server, computer, DVD recorder, hard disk recorder, video recorder and the like.

The recording/reproduction apparatus 51 includes a judging unit 116 and an extracting unit 117 in addition to the components of the home server 41 shown in Fig. 2. The explanation of the components that are also included in the home server 41 (to which the same reference signs are attached) is omitted.

The judging unit 116 is a functional block that holds the server performance table shown in Fig. 7 and judges whether to supply a requested piece of section information to a requester recording/reproduction apparatus, based on the request

information received from the recording/reproduction apparatuses 52 and 53 via the communication unit 107.

The judging unit 116 instructs the extracting unit 117 to extract the piece of section information corresponding to the content specified by the requested information if (i) the server performance table indicates that the section information can be supplied to the requester home server identified by the product name and the model number of the performance information, and (ii) the requested piece of section information is stored in the section information storage unit 111. On the other hand, if (i) the server performance table indicates that the section information can be supplied to the requester home server identified by the product name and the model number of the performance information, and (ii) the requested piece of section information is not stored in the section information storage unit 111, the judging unit 116 instructs the generating unit 109 to generate the requested piece of section information and instructs the extracting unit 117 to extract the piece of section information that is generated by the generating unit 109 and stored in the section information storage unit 111. In the other cases, the judging unit 116 judges that the requested piece of section information cannot be supplied to the requester recording/reproduction apparatus (home server), and notifies the requester recording/reproduction apparatus via the communication unit 107 that the requested piece of section information cannot be supplied.

It should be noted here that if (i) the server performance table indicates that the section information can be supplied to

the requester home server identified by the product name and the model number of the performance information, (ii) the requested piece of section information is not stored in the section information storage unit 111, and further (iii) the content specified by the request information is not stored in the contents storage unit 104, the judging unit 116 may judge that the requested piece of section information cannot be supplied, or may acquire the content specified by the request information from the requester recording/reproduction apparatus via the communication unit 107, and instruct the generating unit 109 to generate the requested piece of section information.

The extracting unit 117, upon receiving an instruction from the judging unit 129, acquires the section information and a portion of audio data corresponding to the content specified by the request information, and transmits the acquired section information and portion of audio data to the requester home server via the communication unit 107.

The recording/reproduction apparatuses 52 and 53 have the same construction as the recording/reproduction apparatus 51 and therefore the description of the construction is omitted here.

With the above-described construction, it is possible in a home network system including a plurality of recording/reproduction apparatuses that a recording/reproduction apparatus, which can generate highly accurate section information, can supply the other recording/reproduction apparatuses in the system with highly accurate section information.

<Other Modifications>

Up to now, a preferred embodiment of the present invention has been explained. However, not limited to the embodiment, the present invention can be modified in many ways, for example, as follows.

5 1. The present invention may be achieved as methods for realizing the above described construction and operation. The present invention can be achieved as a computer program that causes a computer to execute such methods, or as digital signals representing such a computer program.

10 Furthermore, the present invention may be achieved as a computer-readable recording medium, such as a flexible disk, hard disk, CD-ROM, MO, DVD, DVD-ROM, DVD-RAM, BD (Blue-ray Disc), or semiconductor memory, in which the computer program or the digital signals are recorded. Also, the present invention may be achieved
15 as the computer program or the digital signals recorded in such a computer-readable recording medium.

Also, the computer program or the digital signals of the present invention may be transferred via an electric communication line, wired or unwired communication line, a network represented
20 by the Internet or the like.

The present invention may be achieved as a computer system including a microprocessor and a memory, where the memory stores the above-said computer program and the microprocessor operates in accordance with the computer program.

25 The computer program or the digital signals of the present invention may be transferred to an independent computer system by means of the recording medium recording the computer program

or the digital signals or via the Internet or the like, and may be executed by the independent computer system.

2. The present invention can be realized as an LSI for controlling the home server apparatuses. Such an LSI is achieved by integrating
5 part of or all of the functional blocks enclosed by a dotted line in Fig. 2 or 11. Such functional blocks may be achieved as separate chips respectively, or may be achieved as a chip in which part of or all of the functional blocks are integrated.

For example, the recording unit 102, generating unit 109
10 and analyzing unit 110 shown in Fig. 2 may be integrated as shown in Fig. 12. The LSI 200, upon receiving a recording instruction, converts the input video and audio data from analog to digital, and uses the video and audio encoders to encode the digital data into elementary streams (ES). The LSI 200 then multiplexes video
15 and audio ESs into program streams (PS), and outputs the PSs to the contents storage unit 104. The encoding process conforming to MPEG2 standard includes a process of detecting amounts of characteristics by analyzing the video and audio data. For this reason, if a tag instructing to generate the section information
20 has been attached to the received recording instruction, the LSI 200 outputs the ESs together with the analysis results that are obtained through the encoding by the video and audio encoders, and generates the section information using the analysis results.

As understood from the above description, the LSI 200 has
25 simplified the circuit construction by allowing part of the function of the recording unit 102 and the function of the analyzing unit 110 to share the video and audio encoders.

It should be noted here that though in the above description, the term "LSI" is used, the LSI may be indicated by different terms such as IC, system LSI, super LSI or ultra LSI depending on the level of integrity.

5 Also, the integrated circuit is not limited to the LSI, but maybe achieved by a dedicated circuit or a general purpose processor. It is also possible to achieve the integrated circuit by using the FPGA (Field Programmable Gate Array) that can be re-programmed after it is manufactured, or a reconfigurable processor that can
10 reconfigure the connection and settings of the circuit cells inside the LSI.

 Furthermore, a technology for an integrated circuit that replaces the LSI may appear in the near future as the semiconductor technology improves or branches into another technologies. In
15 that case, the new technology may be incorporated into the integration of the functional blocks constituting the present invention as described above. Such possible technologies include biotechnology.

3. In the present embodiment, the contents storage system enables
20 contents, which are distributed by ground-wave analog television broadcasting, to be used in units of sub-contents. However, the form in which the contents, which are processed by the contents storage system of the present invention, are distributed is not limited to the ground-wave analog television broadcasting. The
25 contents storage system of the present invention can also be applied to various contents distribution forms such as ground-wave analog television broadcasting, satellite broadcasting, cable TV

broadcasting, video streaming distribution via the Internet or the like.

4.. The above-described embodiment and modifications may be combined for various purposes.

5

Industrial Applicability

The present invention can be applied to, for example, a home server apparatus that records and reproduces contents that are obtained through television broadcasting.